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Marginal Column

By SHEV LAQUEUR

THE Paris season is well under way: Jean Cocteau has made his official entrance into the Academie Francaise, Cesbron's book on the worker-priests has been filled and can now be inspected at the Gaumont Palace and the "Berlitz," and a friend of Sartre has written a new book "Lâ Rat d'Amerique." But politics overshadow the cultural scene just now. By November 15, the parliament will have to make up its mind whether there will be winter elections (the first since 1876!) and whether to change the electoral system for that occasion. There is strong pressure to change the present electoral law (the multi-member constituency) but it is hardly likely that time will suffice for radical changes — even if there should be a parliamentary majority for it, which is by no means sure.

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ELECTIONS at an early date would presumably work against M. Poujade who has not yet been able to establish his movement as a political mass party, and against the Communists, who can hope to augment their number of representatives only as the result of local coalitions with other parties (notably the Socialists) which presupposes a protracted campaign on the local level. But early elections are also believed to work against M. Mendes-France who has only just started his political campaign with a tour of northern France. He should not find it difficult to maintain his position as chief of his party against the forthcoming Radical Party Congress. But the expected swing to the left in France will conceivably be less pronounced in an early election than next summer. It has been said that M. Mendes-France could return to power only in the wake of a North African Dien Bien Phu. Serious as the situation is in North Africa, it has not sufficiently deteriorated of late for such a dramatic turn of events. If, on the other hand, new elections at an early date should again result in a parliament like the outgoing one, if political deadlock should ensue and more setbacks be in store in North Africa, it is quite possible that M. Mendes-France will be called back after one or two unsuccessful attempts to solve the latent crisis.

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IT is difficult to imagine how elections can be held in Algeria in the present unsettled state. Generally speaking, North African affairs will remain the main worry of any French government. M. Faure has announced that in the coming weeks he is going to engage in consultations about an Algerian charter to be proposed next January. At the same time, important negotiations with the new Moroccan Government will have to be held. A new French Government may find it somewhat easier to carry out these reforms, for some of its opponents from among the ex-Gaullists are hardly likely to be re-elected. The new Algerian charter, among other things, would have to establish the position of the French community in that country. It is too easily forgotten, as Albert Camus has pointed out, that 80 per cent of these Algerian Frenchmen are workers and employees and not rich "colons" who drive around in their Cadillacs.

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"L'Express," the new Mendesist daily, has now been published for some two weeks and it has a circulation of about 200,000. It was a flourishing weekly: Founded only in 1953, it had become in two years the leading French weekly. The first few issues of the new daily were an unmitigated disaster, and tended to justify the worst misgivings of those observers who had doubted whether there was room in Paris for a serious tabloid. With its subsequent issues, "L'Express" has considerably improved, and the editors have now officially apologized for the disappointment caused to them by the "monstrous issues" in the beginning. If it should continue to improve, "L'Express" may in time become an important factor in shaping French public opinion. But it is unlikely, despite its many distinguished collaborators, that it will have any great impact on the outcome of the forthcoming elections.

Fair Today After First Real Rain

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — The first real rain of the season made a short and scattered appearance throughout most of the country yesterday, hardly managing to wash off some of the accumulated summer dust. The outlook for tomorrow is slightly cloudy and fair.

The heavy rains that fell in Upper Galilee on Thursday night and on Friday brought a weekend of joy to farmers. According to the Mt. Canaan Metsorological Station a total of 13.2 mm. fell while the average weekend temperature was down to 19.2 degrees. Yesterday afternoon (Saturday) the temperature fell to 13.2.

SHARON HOTEL
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Britain Protests To Molotov on Arms Deal

GENEVA, Saturday (Reuter). — The British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Harold Macmillan, met privately today with the Soviet Foreign Minister, Mr. V. M. Molotov, and protested in vigorous terms against the Czech-Egyptian arms deal, according to diplomatic sources. He said that Britain regarded this as a serious threat to peace in the Middle East.

The three Western Foreign Ministers met this morning to plan steps to counter the threat to Middle East security arising from Egyptian arming.

Mr. Dulles and M. Pinay will also shortly seek separate meetings with Mr. Molotov. They will warn him of the dangerous repercussions which an arms race encouraged by the Communist shipments could have in the already explosive Arab-Israel situation, diplomatic sources said.

Second Round Of Talks

Mr. Moshe Sharett is expected to see Mr. Dulles and Mr. Macmillan again tomorrow. He is seeing Mr. Molotov on Monday.

Meanwhile, mystery surrounds the visit to Switzerland of Mahmoud Fawzi, the Egyptian Foreign Minister, and Sheikh Hafiz Wahba, Saudi Arabian Ambassador to Britain. Fawzi, who represents his country at the U.N., is due in Zurich tomorrow on his way back to Cairo.

The fact that Mr. Molotov declined to make an appointment with Mr. Sharett until Monday was taken by some diplomats here as indicating that he wished first to see the Egyptian Minister. But authoritative Egyptian sources here could not say today whether Fawzi would come to Geneva.

According to U.P., a Western spokesman said that the three Western Powers have already strengthened their decision to:

1. Continue to refuse arms for Israel to match Communist deliveries to Egypt;
2. Refuse the new security guarantee demanded here and in Paris by Mr. Sharett, and
3. Offer Israel a renewal of the 1950 Declaration.

Pearson Urged To Visit Israel

VANCOUVER, Saturday (Reuter). — Leaders of two Canadian national political parties have warned External Affairs Minister Lester Pearson against "snubbing" Israel while on a world tour.

Mr. M. J. Coldwell, leader of the Cooperative Commonwealth Federation, a Socialist party which controls Saskatchewan Province, and Mr. Solon Low, a leader of Alberta Province, said yesterday that Mr. Pearson's plan to visit Egypt and not Israel might have "serious consequences" at this time.

In Ottawa, External Affairs officials declined to comment. A spokesman said that Mr. Pearson would visit Egypt on November 11 or 12, but "as far as is known, he has no plans to visit Israel."

Britain Sends Jordan 10 Vampire Jets

The British have furnished Jordan with 10 Vampire jet fighters to form the nucleus of a new Air Force, NEABS reported from Amman yesterday.

Meanwhile, the Jordan press yesterday quoted Premier Said el Mufti as denying rumours that his Government was under pressure to join the Baghdad pact and to allow new British forces to enter the country. He reportedly said that Jordan's policy remains unchanged and that the country would be a friend to all Arab and Islamic states.

U.S. DENIES NAVY PRESSURE ON ARABS

WASHINGTON, Saturday (Reuter). — A State Department spokesman said yesterday it was "preposterous" to assume that the U.S. was trying to bring pressure to bear on the Arab States through a proposed visit by naval units to Beirut.

The spokesman was commenting at a press conference on Arab newspaper reports which said that the U.S. was attempting to exert pressure on the Arab nations through this visit. He said that American naval units had been paying goodwill visits to Mediterranean ports for years.

Sharett-Molotov Talk May Clear the Air

By ALASTAIR BUCHAN
Special to The Jerusalem Post

GENEVA, Saturday. — An atmosphere of complete uncertainty concerning Middle East questions prevails here at present; it will be lifted only after Mr. Sharett has met Mr. Molotov on Monday.

Israel sources here have made it clear that Mr. Sharett is more interested in obtaining some undertaking from Western Ministers that they will supply Israel with arms, or an assurance from Mr. Molotov that he will stop the flow of Czech arms to Egypt, than in getting any new security guarantee for Israel.

There is even talk of making a direct appeal for arms in the U.S. if Mr. Dulles, like Mr. Macmillan, continues to oppose sending them officially. Mr. Sharett was, however, clearly warned in Paris by both Ministers, of the dangers of trying to obtain arms in the open market. Yesterday's raid by Israel troops on Kuntilla has made a very bad impression on the Western delegations here.

As a secondary objective, Mr. Sharett would like the British, French and American Governments to reaffirm the Tripartite Declaration of 1950 with specific reference to the threat to Israel. It is considered almost certain that Mr. Molotov will offer to make this a four-power guarantee, thus formally gaining the acknowledgement that Russia is now an important power in the Middle East.

1950 Declaration Called 'Adequate'

BY JESSE ZEL LURIE,
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

NEW YORK, Saturday. — According to reports from Geneva published in "The New York Times" and the "Herald Tribune," Mr. Sharett accomplished nothing in his talks with the three Western Foreign Ministers, and his twice-postponed interview with Mr. Molotov is also expected to yield nothing.

The "Tribune" heads its story, "West Assures Israel on Attack by Arabs," but the assurance is that the 1950 Tripartite Declaration is "an adequate guarantee for Israel against Arab aggression." The "Tribune" does not add that the experience of Israel over the past five years proves that the declaration is actually inadequate. It is not a treaty, and cannot commit American forces to come to the defence of Israel without the action of the U.S. Senate.

An editorial in the same paper suggested that the West immediately begin sending Israel quantities of arms equalling the Eastern bloc shipments to Egypt.

It seems that the Western Powers are pursuing a policy decided on by Mr. George Allen and Mr. Henry Byroade in Cairo to the effect that efforts must be made to keep the Czechoslovak deal as a one-time affair. It is assumed that if the West were to arm Israel or grant her a unilateral treaty, all the Arab States would join the Soviet camp, which would mean the break-up of the Northern Tier pact. This is a 1955 version of the familiar Byroade policy.

The "Times" said that Mr. Dulles, when he talked with Mr. Sharett on Friday, "showed distinct coolness toward the idea of Russian arms to Israel."

Mr. Dulles "did undertake to consider a specific request from Israel while emphasizing that this was not to be construed as a promise to supply the items on the list," the report said.

The Associated Press reported from Geneva a similar undertaking by Mr. Dulles to see the list without promising delivery of the items listed.

In Washington, the Israel Embassy denied knowledge of any requested lists of arms being prepared at this time by the Israel Government for submission to the U.S.

Big Four Fail to Narrow the Gap

GENEVA, Saturday (Reuter). — The Big Four Foreign Ministers met for four hours today, their longest session yet, in a vain bid to close the wide gap between their rival plans for ensuring lasting peace in Europe. Conference sources said the whole session was spent by the rival sides in pushing their own plans and criticizing the others' proposals.

The West yesterday put forward plans for German reunification and a security pact, while Russia countered with an all-European security treaty.

France, Britain and America are not prepared to enter into a system of European security which does not end the division of Germany. The Soviet Union appears to fear that a unified Germany would constitute a threat to its security and that of Eastern Europe.

At their next session on Monday the Foreign Ministers will have a general discussion of the third item on the agenda — the development of East-West contacts — before turning it over to their experts, conference sources said tonight. If there is time on Monday, they will return to the questions of European security and German reunification.

During today's session, both sides had a full explanation of their plans on German reunification and European security, but no new ideas were forthcoming. The Western Ministers argued that their plan was a complete solution of both problems. Mr. Molotov insisted on priority for European security.

The Soviet Government is considering a Chinese proposal for an early Big Power conference on Far Eastern problems, Mr. Leonid Ilychov, press chief in the Soviet Foreign Ministry, announced here yesterday. He was replying to a question at a press conference and did not elaborate.

Joint Border Control By Syria, Lebanon

Lebanese and Syrian authorities announced in Beirut last night the impending conclusion of a "limited" military arrangement for joint army control of the two countries' southern borders with Israel, according to the Arab News Agency.

The announcement was made after a conference between Premier Said el Ghazi of Syria, who arrived unexpectedly in Beirut yesterday, and President Chamoun and Premier Rashid el Karameh. Ghazi had offered the Lebanese two plans, one for a general joint military union, and another for a joint operational arrangement for the southern borders.

The Lebanese accepted the second plan, and arrangements were made for a meeting in Damascus next week to work out details of the project.

Soviet Jewry Fears Spy Charges Again

By an "Observer" Correspondent

LONDON, Saturday. — A wave of arrests of Jews, and searches carried out in Jewish homes, are causing growing anxiety among Jewish communities in the Soviet Union.

A visitor returning to London from Russia has brought back reports of a number of recent arrests of Jews in Leningrad. Like earlier arrests in Moscow and some other cities in August, they followed a sudden search of hundreds of Jewish homes in a single night. All those found in possession of Jewish literature, particularly books in Yiddish, were taken away. At least 30 have been imprisoned in Moscow.

Jewish communities believe that the Soviet authorities are preparing indictments against those arrested, but have no inkling of the nature of the charges. Some fear a revival of the anti-Zionist campaign of Stalin's last years, with wholesale accusations of "espionage," in connection with the latest turn in Soviet Middle Eastern policy.

7 More Afro-Asian States Seen Likely at U.N.

By PATRICK O'DONOVAN
Special to The Jerusalem Post

UNITED NATIONS, Saturday.— Seven more states will be added to the Afro-Asian bloc at the United Nations if a Canadian motion to be placed before the Political Committee of the General Assembly within the next few days is accepted.

The motion asks for the admission of the following countries — Bulgaria, Rumania, Hungary, Albania, Outer Mongolia, Finland, Spain, Eire, Italy, Austria, Portugal, Jordan, Libya, Nepal, Japan, Cambodia, Laos and Ceylon.

It is widely believed that the motion will be accepted, and that the new members may well be admitted before the end of the present session of the Assembly. The admission of all the states listed would bring the voting strength of the Soviet bloc to 10, not counting Finland and Yugoslavia.

In a letter made public here today, Jordan declared that she would accept the obligations of the U.N. Charter, "without any reservations," and promised to "keep them inviolably" from the day she becomes a member.

Egypt Contracts U.K. Firm On Aswan Dam Project

CAIRO, Saturday (Reuter). — The Egyptian Government today signed a contract for the British firm of Sir Alexander Gibb and Partners to act as consultant engineers for the giant high dam scheme at Aswan, Upper Egypt, whose estimated cost will be L.E.30m.

Russia has offered to help finance the hydro-electric project, and Hungary and East Germany have said that they are ready to supply engineers, machinery and electrical equipment in exchange for Egyptian cotton, rice and other products.

Faure Scrapes Through In Confidence Vote

PARIS, Saturday (Reuter). — The Government of M. Edgar Faure survived a confidence vote in the National Assembly yesterday by 271 votes to 255.

The Assembly accepted a motion approving the Government's policies during its eight months in office, and rejected a hostile socialist motion.

A Foreign Ministry spokesman today said that France will take part in a meeting of the U.N. Security Council although her boycott of the General Assembly remains in force.

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UN Asks Egypt to Quit Nitzana Zone; 29 Prisoners Taken in Kuntilla Raid

10 Egyptians, 2 Israelis Dead

By SRAYA SHAPIRO, Jerusalem Post Military Correspondent

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — Tension mounted along the Egyptian border over the week-end, following the Egyptian attack on the Israel police post in the Nitzana Demilitarized Zone last Wednesday. Less than 48 hours after the Nitzana outrage, the Israel Army retaliated by a raid on Kuntilla, an Army camp held by two platoons, seven kilometres across the Egyptian border of the Southern Negev. Ten Egyptian soldiers were killed and 20 taken prisoner.

Two of the Israel soldiers wounded in the attack have died of their wounds. They are Ya'acov Mizrahi of Jerusalem and Amnon Abukal of Tel Aviv.

Two Raids On Nirim

Last night, an Egyptian platoon twice attacked, unsuccessfully, an Israel outpost in the Nirim area, just opposite Khan Yunis, in the Gaza Strip. Meanwhile, Egyptian forces advanced 1,500 metres into the Nitzana Demilitarized Zone yesterday afternoon, moving in two companies in addition to the forces already in the Zone.

The retaliatory character of the Kuntilla action was stressed by most Army and Foreign Ministry sources. Departing from their usual practice, the military authorities revealed that a company of troops without support weapons took part in the operation. The Israel soldiers were given orders to take prisoners. Strict orders were given not to attack civilians nor to blow up any buildings.

It was learned from reliable military sources yesterday, that the attacking contingent left its base in the Northern Negev in ordinary transport while the last few kilometres to Kuntilla were covered on foot. They arrived at the spot at about 1 a.m. on Friday. Kuntilla is an Army camp, transformed from an old Egyptian border police fort built on top of steep hills. During the Second World War, the British maintained a military rest house nearby. The countryside is typical of the southern Negev desert. Vegetation is sparse. The ground is criss-crossed by deep wadis. Eilat is some 60 kilometres due south-south-east. The country is not inhabited except for a number of Beduins.

The Garrison of Kuntilla apparently expected an Israel attack, for it was on the alert. An Egyptian patrol outside the perimeter of the camp was first to sense the attackers. But the Israelis were already in position for the attack, which started immediately. The machinegun nests in the turrets, guarding the surrounding walls, were silenced first. Twenty to 25 minutes after the action began, the entire place was in the attackers' hands. The two buildings had been stormed and a room-to-room fight fought. A number of the garrison fled — some of them must have been wounded. Ten Egyptian soldiers were dead, 29 others, including one officer, were taken prisoner.

The attackers' casualties were four wounded — two of them seriously. The man in the most serious condition was one who received a burst of machinegun fire from a group of Egyptians after they had surrendered. There were seven wounded men among the prisoners, and they were later taken to hospital in Israel.

While the prisoners were being disarmed and taken into custody, saboteurs wrecked the 15 vehicles found in the camp and demolished the military equipment that could not be carried away. The long homeward march began at 3 a.m. There were no incidents and no civilians were met either on the way to Kuntilla or back.

The booty consisted mainly of light arms. It included Belgian-

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 7)

Egypt Says Kuntilla Unit 'Just Sudanese'

Egyptian Army announcements asserted that the Kuntilla camp was manned only by Sudanese soldiers. But an Egyptian announcement given at 2.30 p.m. on Friday of the alleged killing of four Israel soldiers in a retaliatory attack the same morning, was thereafter not repeated over Egyptian radio stations. The official report on this "retaliatory raid" did not give the time or place of the alleged Egyptian reprisal.

The Egyptians also claimed that they had killed four Israelis in the Kuntilla clash. They said that the checkpost, six kilometres inside the Egyptian border, was attacked by a unit of "battalion strength" which opened mortar and light machinegun fire. "As usual," the official announcement said, "the Israelis were afraid to attack the regular Egyptian forces. At Khan Yunis they attacked Palestinian auxiliaries, and at Kuntilla, they attacked a Sudanese desert camel corps unit manning an anti-smuggling post."

It claimed that the Israelis retreated as soon as regular Egyptian troops arrived on the scene, "as they do not dare to face Egyptians." The Egyptian report stated that the Kuntilla camp was manned by 30 Sudanese who only possessed light arms.

(Cairo Radio, Reuter, NEABS)

RUSSIAN SHIPS BRING EGYPT CZECH FUEL

SUEZ, Saturday (UP). — The Russian tanker, Meftegorsk, arrived here today with 3,000 tons of refined kerosene from Czechoslovakia. It was the first Soviet tanker to enter the petroleum basin of Suez Harbour.

The Meftegorsk came from the Black Sea port of Badumi. The vessel's papers showed that her cargo was shipped by the Czech Ministry of Foreign Trade.

Another Soviet tanker is expected here tomorrow from the Black Sea port of Novorosisk with 12,000 tons of crude oil.

BRITISH AIR SECRETARY TOURS MID-EAST BASES

LONDON, Saturday (Reuter). — The Secretary of State for Air, Lord de Lisle and Dudley, left today for a tour of R.A.F. bases in the Middle and Far East, it was announced here.

Murdered Policeman Was Immigrant

Further particulars on the policeman killed and on two of the three policemen wounded last week, when Egyptians attacked an Israel checkpost in the Nitzana Demilitarized Zone, have been officially released.

Vades Izan, who was killed, was the son of Emil Izan, of Haifa. He was born in Russian and was single.

Benjamin Schwartz, wounded, is the son of Avraham Schwartz, of the Kurdaneh *ma'bara*. He was born in Poland and is single.

Ralph (Rafael) Solomon, the son of Richard Solomon, is a member of Ma'ayan Zvi settlement. He was born in India and is single.

Hapoel Hamizrahi Reject B.G. Plea

Jerusalem Post Staff

Despite an appeal from Mr. David Ben-Gurion that, in view of the urgency of the security position, Hapoel Hamizrahi should enter the new coalition without further bargaining, a two-hour meeting between him and Mr. Shapiro, Minister of Interior, in Jerusalem on Friday had no practical result.

It is understood that the Prime Minister-designate said that Mapai was not willing to accede to Hapoel Hamizrahi's demands in regard to education and pig raising. Mapai was, however, willing to permit rabbis who receive government salaries to engage in political activity.

The Mapai Central Committee is to meet in Tel Aviv to discuss the proposed Mapam-Ahdut Ha'avoda-Mapai-Progressives coalition. Although Mapai leaders very much want Hapoel Hamizrahi in the Government, they are not prepared to delay matters for as long as another week.

Last night, the General Zionist executive formally called for a broad coalition, to include every Knesset party except the Communists, and also urged the public to step-up their donations to the Arms for Defence Fund.

Meanwhile, the Progressive Party Executive is meeting in Tel Aviv today to discuss the advisability of postponing presentation of the Cabinet until efforts have been made to include Herut and the General Zionists.

Enemy Entrenched in Israel

Jerusalem Post Staff

During the past three days, the U.N. Truce Supervision Organization has called on Egypt on four separate occasions to evacuate the Nitzana Demilitarized Zone, which is entirely in Israel territory.

The Egyptians were asked once on Thursday, twice on Friday and again yesterday. The requests were made by Colonel R. Hommel, Acting Chief of Staff of the T.S.O. during General E. L. M. Burns' absence in new York to report to the U.N. Secretary General.

The U.N. spokesman also said that the Israel unit, which took up a position in the Zone following the Egyptian incursion, had also been asked to leave.

"If Egyptian forces continue to occupy Israel territory, the responsibility for the continuation of the present tense situation will rest entirely with Egypt," the Foreign Ministry spokesman said last night.

"The Foreign Ministry, he said, had once again asked the Truce Supervision Organization to take immediate action regarding Egypt's persistent and continuous breaches of the Armistice Agreement, which have assumed grave proportions with the Egyptians' violation of the Demilitarized Zone, their occupation of Israel territory, and their latest attack in the vicinity of Nirim.

Reuter last night quoted a Cairo spokesman as saying that Egyptian forces would not leave unless Israel withdrew first.

Deliberate Hostility

Friday night's attack by Egyptian forces in the vicinity of Nirim represented a deliberate and unprovoked extension of hostilities to the Gaza area, the Foreign Ministry spokesman had said earlier. The Gaza Strip had remained relatively quiet for some time, after the situation there had been brought under control, and Egyptian aggression had concentrated on the Nitzana Demilitarized Zone.

Now that Egyptian forces had entrenched themselves deeply in the demilitarized zone, the Egyptian command had apparently decided to extend the front and widen the scope of their aggression. The spokesman pointed out that while Egyptian troops were digging themselves in on Israel territory, all Israel forces remained strictly on the Israel side of the border. He repeated that Israel asked nothing of Egypt except to be left alone.

The Ministry yesterday drew the urgent attention of the T.S.O. to the continued presence of Egyptian troops within Israel territory extending along a line nearly two kilometres long in the Nitzana Demilitarized Zone. The Ministry requested the Acting Chief of Staff to inform the U.N.

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 6)

Choice Is Yours, Egypt Told

We want nothing from Egypt. Let them keep out of Israel and we will keep out of Egypt, the Foreign Ministry spokesman declared on Friday.

The purpose of the Israel counteraction at Kuntilla on Thursday night was to emphasize what should have been clear to Egypt, that their attack on Israel would be met by counter-attack. If they leave us alone, we will leave them alone. If they want us to leave them alone, let them leave us alone.

The Israel action of Thursday night was directed against an Egyptian military post because it was the Egyptian Army which carried out the attack against Israel territory. By contrast with Egypt, whose soldiers are still in Israel territory, the Israel forces have returned to Israel.

Burns Asks Stop To Military Action

UNITED NATIONS, Saturday (Reuter). — Major-General E. L. M. Burns, Chief of the Palestine Truce Supervision Organization, tonight appealed to both Israel and Egypt to issue orders to their forces in the El Auja Demilitarized Zone to cease all "aggressive activities and retaliation."

Any new aggressive actions "may result in the gravest consequences," he said.

In letters to Mr. Mordechai Kidron, Deputy Permanent Representative of Israel, and Mahmud Fawzi, Egyptian Foreign Minister, he drew attention to the "very serious situation" prevailing in the Auja area and said it appeared that both sides were sending additional armed personnel into the area and occupying new defensive positions.

"The grave incident in which Egyptians attacked an Israel police post in the Demilitarized Zone inflicting casualties and taking prisoners, was followed by a violent Israel retaliation at Kuntilla of more serious extent.

"The Security Council has repeatedly condemned retaliations which can only cause the situation to deteriorate.

"I am authorized by the Secretary-General to state that he has seen this letter and that this *demarche* is made also on his behalf."

General Burns had a conference today with British and American diplomats and Mr. Dag Hammarskjold, U.N. Secretary-General.

Bond Drive to Meet On Israel Crisis

NEW YORK, Saturday (UP). — Mr. Abraham Feinberg, President of the State of Israel Bond Organization, tonight called an emergency conference of 2,000 American Jewish leaders for November 2, to "discuss the critical situation in Israel."

It was decided by a U.J.A. delegation in Jerusalem on Thursday, to summon 400 American Jewish leaders to an extraordinary meeting in New York on November 15 "to plan such action as will properly meet the needs of the times (in Israel)."

SAUDIA PROTESTS TO BRITAIN ON BURAIMI

LONDON, Saturday (Reuter). — Saudi Arabia has protested to Britain against the occupation earlier this week of the disputed Buraimi oasis by British-led troops of the Sultan of Muscat and the Sheikh of Abu Dhabi. The Foreign Office spokesman today said the protest was being considered.

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Social & Personal

Mr William Rosenwald, General Chairman of the United Jewish Appeal, and Mrs. Rosenwald were guests yesterday afternoon at a reception given in their honour by the Acting Prime Minister, Mr. Levi Eshkol, and Mrs. Eshkol at their residence. Mr. and Mrs. Rosenwald were the guests of honour at a luncheon at the home of Mr. Shlomo Eisenberg, Secretary-General of the Jewish Agency, and Mrs. Eisenberg, yesterday. Among the other guests were Mayor Gershon Agron and Mrs. Agron and Professor Moshe Rachmilevitz of the Hebrew University - Hadassah Medical School, and Mrs. Rachmilevitz.

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A reception to mark the 32nd anniversary of the proclamation of the Turkish Republic was given by the Turkish Charge d'Affaires, Mr. Nureddin N. Akinci, at the Tadmor Hotel in Herzliya yesterday. Among those present were the Minister of Police, Mr. Behor Shitreet, the Dean of the Diplomatic Corps, the French Ambassador, the British Ambassador and other members of the Corps and representatives of the Ministry for Foreign Affairs and the Ministry of Interior.

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ARRIVALS: Mr. Moshe Shuster, member of the Directorate of the Keren Hayesod in Mexico; Mr. Lewis Barton, Editor of "Go," the British holiday magazine.

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A vocal newspaper organized by the Tiberias Municipality and given by the editors of "Davar," "Al Hamishmar," "Herut," "Haboker" and by Mr. M. Kol, M.K. and Dr. Y. Lazar of "Ma'ariv" was held in Tiberias on Friday night. Earlier the newspapermen toured Youth Aliya establishments in the North, accompanied by Mr. Kol.

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Miss Esther Huly, a blind pianist, played works by Chopin, Debussy and Daus, and Miss Francisca Rappaport, a coloratura soprano, sang in Hebrew, Italian, French and Rumanian at a recital last night in the home in Jerusalem of Mrs. Ora Michaelson, on behalf of the Association for the Blind and Prevention of Blindness in Jerusalem.

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Messrs. Ya'acov Cahan, David Shimoni and Yehuda Burla have agreed to serve on the public committee for the celebration of the Jubilee Anniversary of Beit Ha'am in Jerusalem. A dinner marking the event will be held on December 27 at the King David Hotel in Jerusalem.

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Dr. Bruria Kaufman, of the Institute for Advanced Study, Princeton, and the Institute for Mathematics and Mechanics, New York University, will deliver a lecture on "The Ising Model in Crystal Statistics" under the joint auspices of the Hebrew University's Institute of Mathematics and the Israel Mathematical Union today, at 4 p.m., in the Institute of Mathematics, Northern Annexe, King David Hotel.

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Topaz Club, Hotel Tadmor, Herzliya, will be closed tonight owing to a private party.

Britain to Cut Army To 700,000 in 1958

LONDON, Saturday (Reuter). — The Government announced yesterday that it would cut the armed forces by 100,000 by March, 1958, mainly by restricting the call-up of national servicemen. But it will maintain the principle of universal liability.

Details of the Government's plan — announced in broad outline by Sir Anthony Eden at the recent Conservative annual conference — were given in an official White Paper.

Effect of the proposals will be to reduce the armed forces to about 700,000 by March, 1958.

The White Paper said, "Reserve forces are still needed but in a nuclear age the conception of reserve forces taking part in a large-scale conventional war is out of date."

EVEN VA'SID TO INCREASE EXPORTS

HAIFA, Saturday. — Marble production equipment worth IL5m. has been ordered from Reparations Funds by the Even Ve'sid Company which hoped with its aid to raise its marble exports by at least 500 per cent to $750,000 in 1956, Mr. B. Kavenaki, the company's manager, said here yesterday.

During the past week, Even Ve'Sid had sent $22,500 worth of marble to Belgium, Sweden and South Africa, from its Galilee and Negev quarries.

The Israel marble was of superior quality and even countries like Sweden, which had its own quarries, had bought it.

SOVIETS BURN DAMAGED MIG LANDED IN TURKEY

ISTANBUL, Saturday (Reuter). — A Russian jet plane damaged after making a forced landing in Turkey has been destroyed by Russian technicians because it could not be flown back to the Soviet Union.

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LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post October 30, 1955

In the Supreme Court Sitting as High Court of Justice
Before Justices Silberg, Goitein and Berinson.

1. The Israel Pharmacists' Association; 2. Dr. Yehoshua Kolberg, Petitioners v. 1. The Tel Aviv District Town Planning Commission; 2. The Tel Aviv Local Town Planning Commission, Respondents (H.C. 180/54).

Number of Pharmacies Cannot be Restricted

The High Court discharged an order *nisi* calling on the first respondents to show cause why they should not cancel their decision not to approve a town planning scheme submitted to them by the second respondents.

The Tel Aviv Local Town Planning Commission, at the instigation of the Pharmacists' Association, decided to recommend the following restrictions with regard to the opening of new pharmacies within the Tel Aviv-Jaffa town planning area: that in a commercial area there should be not less than 200 metres between an existing pharmacy and a contemplated one, and in a residential area not less than 500 metres; that each pharmacy should serve a neighbourhood of not less than 5,000 inhabitants. When, after publication of this scheme, no objections were lodged, outline and detailed town planning schemes encompassing the whole Tel Aviv-Jaffa area were submitted to the District Commission for approval, in accordance with section 16 of the Town Planning Ordinance, 1936. The District Commission, after the necessary preliminaries, were on the point of approving the schemes when, considering a legal opinion submitted by the Attorney General, they decided that the inclusion of the above-mentioned restrictions in a town-planning scheme did not fall within the terms of sections 12 and 14 of the Ordinance, by which they were bound, and refrained from giving their approval.

The petitioners thereupon applied to the High Court for an order *nisi* which was granted on December 22, 1954, the Return Day taking place on February 20, 1955.

Mr. Olshansky appeared for the petitioners; Mr. Bar-Or, Assistant State Attorney, and Mr. Weiss, of the State Attorney's office, for the respondents.

Order

The decision of the High Court was delivered by Justice Berinson who, after setting out the facts of the case, discussed the petitioners' standing. He pointed out that the first petitioner, the Pharmacists' Association, which has 600 members, 116 of whom own pharmacies in the Tel Aviv-Jaffa area, while primarily interested in safeguarding the professional and material interests of its members, had the interests of the public in mind as well, and to that end wished to effect an even and convenient distribution of pharmacies; to ensure the marketing of high-quality medicaments; and to institute an effective rota system. For these, and other similar purposes, they were pressing for the introduction of restrictions as outlined by the Local Commission. The second petitioner is the owner of a pharmacy in Tel Aviv and chairman of the Pharmacists' Association.

With regard to Mr. Bar-Or's contention that the petitioners had no standing as they had not been aggrieved by the District Commission's refusal to approve the town-planning schemes, Justice Berinson agreed that this argument might apply, to some extent, to the second petitioner who could not claim to have a right to have his profession limited, nor could he prove that he had been personally aggrieved by the District Commission's refusal. But with regard to the first petitioner the situation was different, since the Association appeared in the name of the body of pharmacists in Tel Aviv-Jaffa whose ambition it was to have their profession regulated on a legal basis in the town area. As such, the first petitioner had standing.

Justice Berinson then dealt with the question of whether the suggested restrictions fell within the scope of the Town Planning Ordinance and analysed those sections under which, as Mr. Olshansky had contended, the District Commission could have approved the schemes. He held that section 12(1) in which the general purpose of outline schemes is defined — "with the general object of securing proper conditions of health, sanitation, communication and amenity and convenience in connection with the laying out and use of the land" — was of no use to the petitioners since it specified "laying out and use of the land." In this connection, the Justice said, Mr. Bar-Or had rightly pointed out that only such details could be included in a scheme as allowed of being sketched on a plan of the area — and it was impossible to indicate on a plan the proposed restrictions on the number of pharmacies. Secondly, section 12 (2) (e) which states that an outline scheme shall make provision for "the limitation of zones within which special trades and industries may or may not be carried on or which are reserved exclusively for residential or other purposes," does not allow of restricting certain specific businesses which may be opened in a particular area, by limiting their numbers or laying down minimum distances between them.

Furthermore, the Justice held that section 14(2) (f) which provides that a detailed town-planning scheme shall deal with "the determination of the situation of buildings designed for specific use and the demarcation of areas subject to restrictive conditions" is likewise inapplicable to the suggested scheme which purports to forbid the building of a pharmacy within a radius of 200, or 500 metres of an existing pharmacy, but to allow the building of a pharmacy anywhere outside this radius. While the second part of this sub-section appeared, out of its context, to allow of the introduction of all kinds of restrictions, when read together with the first part — as it should be — it obviously infers that the restrictive conditions apply to the use to which certain buildings may be put. Even if this were not so, in this case, too, the demarcation of the areas would have to be indicated on a plan, which, as he had already indicated, was impossible in the case of the projected scheme.

In conclusion, Justice Berinson held that the projected scheme was nothing less than an attempt to ensure the livelihoods of existing pharmacies and to prevent competition. The High Court was in complete agreement with the District Commission that, from a legal point of view, this aim did not fall within the scope of the Town Planning Ordinance.

Order *nisi* discharged, and petitioners ordered to pay IL100 costs.

Decision given on October 21, 1955.

A 24-YEAR-OLD Jerusalemite was ordered detained on Friday for seven days by the Jerusalem Magistrate on suspicion of attacking an eight-year-old girl. He was arrested in the park on King George Avenue after he fell into a police trap.

Where to go

JERUSALEM

Your Lunch and Dinner at House's Restaurant, Jerusalem, Tel. 4132. Excellent food and service. Oldest establishment in Israel.

★ Exhibitions: —
1) Two Thousand Years of Chinese Painting. 2) French Paintings of the 20th Century. 3) Contemporary American Prints. Exhibit of the Month: A Khorasan bronze Kettle of the 13th Century. Bezalel Museum, 9-1, 2-5

Applied Art, works by members of Kibbutz Hazore'a and Kibbutz Ein Hashofet. 2) Ceramics by Nelly Pollack. 3) Embroidered pictures by Rose Feige. 4) Watercolours by Joseph Kosnogi. 5) Drawings by I. Aschheim. 6) "Maskit," Carpet and Jewellery work. Artists' House, 10-1, 4-6.

"Conquest of the Desert" permanent Exhibition on the grounds of the Jerusalem Convention Centre, 10-1, 4-6.

Latest Drawings and Paintings by Yossi Stern. Rina Gallery, 1 Rehov Yanai (corner Princess Mary Ave.). 9.30 a.m.-1 p.m.; 4 p.m.-6.30 p.m.

★ Tours: —
Hebrew University conducted tour New Administration Building, King George Ave., opposite Terra Sancta, 10 a.m.

★ Lectures: —
Mr. Eliezer Livneh on "Is Israel a Zionist State?" Beeri Club, 9 Rehov Alharizi, 8.30 p.m.

TEL AVIV

★ Exhibition: —
New acquisitions by the Museum. Tel Aviv Museum, 10-1, 4-7; Fridays and Saturdays 10-1.

★ Theatre: —
Chamber Theatre "The Good Soul of Szechuan." Mograbi Hall, 8.30 p.m.
Chamber Theatre. "As You Like It." New Chamber Theatre, 8.30 p.m.
Ohel. "Eldorado," 8.30 p.m. Habimah. "Alei Kinor," Habimah, 8 p.m.

★ Recorded Concert: —
Tchaikowsky's Symphony No. 5, comments by Menashe Ravina. E.O.A. House, 8.30 p.m. Tickets obtainable on the evening of the concert. Reductions to members.

★ Tourist Service: —
E.O.A. House Tourist Service Welcomes You, 9.30 a.m.-1.30 p.m. 3-10.30 p.m.

HAIFA

★ Lecture: —
Dr. S. Schiff on "Artistic Impressions from Northern Italy." Colour slides by Daffi Prasen. Municipal Museum, Town Hall, 8.30 p.m.

★ Exhibitions: —
Picasso. Original lithographs, etchings. Carmel Studio, Central Carmel, 3, Wedgwood Ave. 9-1, 4-7.

ACCADIA BEACH

★ Entertainment: —
Dine at the Accadia Grand Hotel Daily from 4 p.m. Accadia Bridge Club.

MIGDAL GAD

★ Theatre: —
Jewish Comedy Theatre, "Der Amerikaner Litvak," 8.30 p.m.

GIVATAYIM

★ Theatre: —
Habimah, "Henry the Fourth," 8 p.m.

TREASON TWINS'

What were these men really like? How could these scions of well-established English families spy for Russia? To tell the full, pine-tingling story as only she could tell it, International News Service selected a world famous author and brilliant reporter, Rebecca West. Rebecca West won acclaim in the U.S. and elsewhere for her amazingly penetrating book, "The Meaning of Treason." She also is the author of "Black Lamb and Grey Falcon," one of the best books about post-war Yugoslavia, articles for "The New Yorker" and other magazines. Now, with the combined skill of surgeon, psychoanalyst and writer she goes behind the official British "White Paper" version to bring you the fantastic story of Burgess and Maclean, the two British diplomats who disappeared in 1951. Both fled to Russia, the British Government now admits, and Maclean's American-born wife and three children later joined him there.

The first of three articles appears in *The Jerusalem Post* tomorrow.

Friday's Press

Israel Defends Itself Against Arab Attacks

"Zmanim" (Progressive) explains that the term "Preventive War" does not connote a decision by Israel to nip Arab strength in the bud and take advantage of our superiority in good time. In effect, our enemies have already begun to attack and whatever action we take against them is defensive in nature.

"Al Hamishmar" (Mapam) subscribes to Mr. Sharett's demands that the great powers see to it that the truce between them in Europe should apply to the Middle East as well: but his mission is apt to misfire if, instead of insisting upon a four-power guarantee, he places all his hopes in the West.

"Omer" (Histadrut) writes that Israel has no objections to a four-power guarantee but the real value of any guarantee depends upon an assurance of balance in military power, the termination of the arms race and fostering peace and security between Israel and her neighbours.

Israel now faces the choice, writes "Hamodia" (World Aguda), between receiving a quantity of arms sufficient to balance those received by our enemies or trying to create a *fait accompli* that will defer the outbreak of war for a number of years to come — striking at the Egyptians in such a manner that it will take them a long, long time to recover. We do not want war but the ever-standing threat to our security and existence will compel us to increase our strength in the face of the "promised" assault.

The hope that the Foreign Ministers who are now meeting in Geneva, writes "Haboker" (General Zionist), will find a way of bridling Arab aggression should not detract the attention of the Jewish people from day-to-day provocative acts in the north and south, which must meet the only reply the bloodthirsty assailants understand.

Natan Alterman's "Seventh Column" in "Davar" (Histadrut) is devoted to Arms for Defence, pointing out that this spontaneous movement has vouchsafed the State more than money can buy on the "British or Czech market." It has restored us the Spirit of 1948 and the Yishuv has again begun to feel itself in its element. Navon's cartoon, in the same paper, depicts young Israel wearing a suit of mail made up of Israel currency and labelled: "Armour for Israel." "Haboker" prints a Schlein cartoon showing a number of children emptying their savings in a classroom. Caption: "I think this will be enough for an atom bomb."

"Here and Now" thinks that all parties must rise above the vendettas of the past and form a Government, not on a programme of 50 paragraphs but on the need for national survival.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM

ARNON: Kiss of Fire
EDEN: Green Fire.
EDISON: "La Nave Delle Donne Maledette." 2nd week.
ORGIL: Dial 'M' for Murder. 2nd week.
STUDIO: Rebecca.
ORION: Woman's World
ORNA: Soldier of Fortune.
RON: The Long Gray Line.
ZION HALL: Rear Window.
TEL OR: "La Nuit Est Mon Royaume."

TEL AVIV

ALLENBY: Desiree, 5th week.
ARMON DAVID: "Le Rouge et le Noir," 3rd week.
CHEN: The Girls of Pleasure Island.
ESTHER: 7 Brides for 7 Brothers, 5th week.
MOGRABI: Three for the Show.
OFHIR: "La Romana," 4th week.
ORION: The Barefoot Contessa, 3rd week.
TAMAR: Marty, 2nd week.
YARON: The Man Who Loved Redheads, 2nd week.
ZAMIR: Night Song. Continuous from 10 a.m.: Along the Great Divide.

HAIFA

AMPHITHEATRE: Daddy Long Legs, 2nd week.
EN DOR: Snows of Kilimanjaro.
GAL OR: Music for Millions.
ARMON: "Le Mouton a Cinq Pattes."
ATEMON: Betrayed, 3rd week.
PEER: The Caine Mutiny, 4th week.
ORION: The Shrike, 2nd week.
MORIAH: The Flame and the Flesh.
ORLY: Romeo and Juliet.

PHONE. — Japan's International Telegram and Telephone Corporation announced yesterday that it will inaugurate a telephone service between Egypt and Japan on November 1.

Caretaker Government Set Up in Saar

SAARBRUECKEN, Saturday (Reuter). — A neutral Government for the Saar was sworn in before Parliament here this morning at a meeting delayed more than 20 hours by tough negotiations between political leaders.

Heinrich Welsh, 67-year-old President of the Saar State Insurance Office, became the new Prime Minister against the votes of the four Communists. He replaces Johannes Hoffmann, who resigned after the proposed European Statute for the Saar was rejected by a two-thirds majority in last Sunday's referendum.

Parliament also voted to dissolve itself on December 17 and hold new elections the following day giving effect to the bargain struck between pro-Statute and anti-Statute parties early this morning after negotiations lasting all day yesterday and last night.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
822, 249, 33.9 & 49.9 M.

News: Hebrew: 7 a.m., 1.30, 6.00, 6.15, 8.30 & 11.00 p.m. Arabic Programme (including News): 8 a.m. 2.15 & 6.30 p.m. 11.30 a.m. Turkish News.
6.00 a.m. Morning Programme (Haifa only), 6.30 Service. 6.35 Exercises. 6.45 Musical Clock (R). 7.15 Morning Melodies (R). 9.00 Service of Coptic Church, Nazareth. 12.00 N. "Music at Noon" Erlebnis Kitt (R). 12.30 Housewives' Corner. 12.50 Requests (R). 1.20 Messages to Immigrants. 1.45 People's Songs (R). 2.30 Close Down.
4.00 p.m. Music for Sunday (R). 4.40 Intermezzo: Dick Continuo. 5.00 Talmud Lesson. 5.30 Children's Hour. 7.00 Folklore. 7.02 Gershwin: "Porgy and Bess" 7.25 Talk. 7.40 What's New in Science. 7.55 Weila of Work. 8.15 Bible Reading. 8.45 I.P.O. Concert: Ravel: "Morning Song of the Clown." Honeger: Summer Pastoral. Falla: Suite from "The Three Cornered Hat." Conductor: Enrique Jorda. 9.30 Story. 10.05 Hebrew Songs: Mordechai Rot. 10.30 Ron Bah. 11.40 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
407, 460, 225, 216, 43.9 & 33.3 M.

English News: 1.45, 10.15 p.m. French News: 2.00 p.m.
IMMIGRANTS' HOUR (33.3, 34.9 & 469 M.): 6.15 p.m. Programme for Yemenites. 6.30 French. 7.00 Yiddish. 7.30 Lettino. 8.00 Hebrew Lessons for Ulpanim. 8.15 Close Down. 8.45 Rumanian. 9.00 Hungarian. 9.15 Close Down.
KOL ZION LAGOLA (32.3 M.): (South Africa Programme): 6.30 p.m. News. 6.37 Personal Column. 6.45 "Learn a Song." 7.00 Youth Album. 7.05 News.
11.15 p.m. News. 11.22 Personal Column. 11.30 Youth Album. 11.45 "Learn a Song." 12.00 Talmud Lesson: Rabbi A. Goldberg.
ARMY PROGRAMME (44.6, 216, 225 & 238 M.): 6.30 Opening. 6.35 Songs. 7.00 Sports. 7.15 Intermezzo. 7.30 Requests: Gluck: Dance from "Armada." Grieg: Two Symphonic Dances on Norwegian themes. Chopin: Etude: "The Revolution" and Valse in B minor. Dvorak: Slavonic Dances from Op. 46 & Op. 72. 8.30 News. 8.45 "Nahui" in Haifa. 9.15 Dance Music. 10.00 Close Down.
B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS: 8.30 p.m. News. News Talk. Contact Programme. International Commentary.

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ALLIANCE FRANCAISE — HAIFA

NOTICE

Opening of the French Library

The French Library and Reading Room of the Alliance Francaise in Haifa, will be open to members and friends of the Association beginning November 1, 1955, every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday, from 4.30-7 p.m. at 3 Rehov Hassan Shoukry (1st floor).

Registration and subscription accepted at the library.

The Committee

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Church Services

St. Paul's Church (Musrara Qr.): E.S. 7 p.m. H.C. as announced. Preacher: Canon H.R.A. Jones (Tel. 3713).

St. Andrew's Church (Scots Memorial): M. S. 10 a.m. Minister Rev. W. Gardiner Scott. Vesper service united with Y.M.C.A. at 6 p.m.

Combined Evangelical Services (Y.M.C.A. Lecture Hall): 7.30 p.m. All Welcome.

Catholic: 6 a.m. German Hospice Chapel Languages: German, Italian, English, French. 7 a.m. Terra Sancta Chapel, Languages: English, French, German, Italian; St. Pierre de Sion (Ratisbonne), Languages: French, Arabic, English, German, Hungarian, Hebrew, Portuguese; 8 a.m. Jesuits Chapel (near King David Hotel) Languages: French, Polish, English, Italian, German; 9 a.m. Pierre de Sion 10 a.m. Terra Sancta College.
Notre Dame de France (St. Paul's St.): M.S. 8 a.m. Languages: French, English, German, Italian.
American Gospel Church (Prophets St. near Bikur Holim): Morning Worship, 11 a.m., Mid week Prayers: Wednesday at 7.30 p.m. Minister M.G. Griebenow.
Y.M.C.A. Christian Fellowship Vesper Service, 6 p.m. All welcome.
Brethren (Y.M.C.A. Room 110): Breaking of Bread, 10.30 a.m.
Church of the Nazarene (St. Julian's Way): E.S. 7.30 p.m.
Bible Evangelical Mission (Pentecostal), Rovevei Zion St., first house Sunday, 11 a.m. & 7.30 p.m. Saturday 11 a.m. & 7.30 p.m. (Rev. J.W. Foster).
Jerusalem Baptist Congregation (Opp. Gan Rehavia) Wednesday: Bible reading & Prayer, 8 p.m. Friday: E.S. 6 p.m. Saturday: Bible Study 10 p.m.
Seventh Day Adventists (Rehov Abraham Lincoln near Y.M.C.A.): 9.30 a.m. Sabbath School; 10.45 a.m. Preaching & Worship; 4 p.m. Bible class.

TEL AVIV & JAFFA

Anglican Church (Episcopal) in the Church of the former German Colony (19 Eilat St.): H.C. 7 a.m. M.S. 10 a.m. Evening Service 7 p.m. Preacher: Rev. R.G. Allison P.O.B.2772, Tel Aviv.
Church of Scotland (St. Peter's) Jaffa. M.S. 10 a.m. E.S. 7 p.m
St. Peter's Church (Catholic). Jaffa Port: 7 a.m. Weekdays 6 p.m Languages: French, Italian, Spanish.

HAIFA

St. Luke's Church: Mountain St. near Vine St. (Anglican Protestant Episcopal); H.C. 7.30 a.m.; M.S. 10 a.m. E.S. 6.30 (P.O.B. 1797).
The Scandinavian Seamen's Church (41, Melr St., P.O.B. 1306, Rev. Per Faye Hansen). Lutheran service, 7.30 p.m.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

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TEL AVIV: Magen David, 25 Allenby, 66426. Moshenson, 83 Ben Yehuda, 22481. Moscovici, 25 King George, 62650. Kollender, 76 Arlosoroff, 26513. JAFFA: 10 Rehov 4, 82700. RAMAT GAN: Gremza, 50 Bialik, 72237. GIVATAYIM: Nogs, opp. Fire Brigade, 72458. HOLON: Brist, 104 Sokolow.
HAIFA: Rappaport, 29 Herzl, 3596. Hacalil, 19 Allenby. KIRYAT MOTZKIN, Motzkin, 7202. SAFAD: Hazari. NAHARIYA: Mercaz.

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TEL AVIV: Dr. M. Shaham, 1 Syrkin, 25842. Dr. N.L. Sacher, 54 Sokolow, 26383. Dr. I. Griffel, 5 Ben Yehuda, 23496.
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Where to Stay

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EXPERIENCED nurse seeks job with children or private patient, speaks Hebrew, English, French and Arabic. Write to: Miss Enna Yonaty Korn, Y.M.C.A., room No. 219, Jerusalem.
AMERICAN girl with very good knowledge of Hebrew and English, seeks position as receptionist/English typist. Apply: No. 25963, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.
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מע' הכבלה
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At the beginning of November you will receive a Declaration Form of your income during the period 1954-1955. You should fill in on this form your identity number, your place of work, and your address. The form contains three different declarations but you are required to sign only the one which is appropriate to you. The declaration forms are:

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2 — You did have additional income.
3 — You are not an employee and had no income from employment.

The signed form should be placed unstamped in any Post Box.
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wife's income, wage or salaries from another employer; income from trade profession or vocation; from dividends and interest; from letting of houses or property; letting of property other than land; income from pensions or any other annual payments; income from farming; income from any other source.

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Today's Postbag

THE WEATHER

Partly cloudy in the North. Fair elsewhere.

	*A	B	C	D
Mt. Cana'an	60	10	18	19
Tiberias	68	19	26	28
Haifa Port	67	17	25	26
Natanya	68	17	24	27
Tel Aviv Port	72	18	24	25
Lydda Airport	68	16	25	27
Jerusalem	79	13	19	21
Beersheba	68	15	24	25
Eilat	80	17	29	31

*A) Humidity at 3 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maximum yesterday D) Maximum temp. expected today

• • •

AN AGREEMENT for the purchase of $600,000 worth of telephone equipment was signed on Thursday by the Postal Authorities and representatives of the Utelco firm of Chicago. The equipment will be used for the installation of 7,000 additional lines in the Tel Aviv and Ramat Gan automatic exchanges.

• • •

A GIFT of $10,000 has been made to the Hebrew University by anonymous donors in England, for the building of a room in the projected Jewish National and University Library premises, to bear the name of Stefan Zweig.

• • •

ALL DOCTORS, nurses and other medical personnel, practising or non-practising, are requested to register in the census now being conducted by the Manpower Division of the Ministry of Labour.

Mayor Levanon Tells Of Trip to Italy

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — "Italy has four million unemployed yet I did not see so many peddlers anywhere as there are in Tel Aviv," Mr. Haim Levanon, Mayor of Tel Aviv, told the Industrial and Commercial club while giving some impressions of his three-week visit to Rome and Florence for the International Conference of Mayors.

Though Italian Jewry had a rich past, a "grey present" and a doubtful future, it unquestionably possessed some of the greatest Jewish treasures, Mr. Levanon declared. He thought it would be fitting if these priceless works were brought to this country. They would put to shame many of the existing Jewish works in the country, including Tel Aviv's Great Synagogue, which was "devoid of any form."

Year in Prison For Haifa Physician

HAIFA, Saturday. — Dr. Aharon Press, 42, a Haifa gynaecologist, after pleading guilty to having had one kilo of heroin in his possession in February, was sentenced to a year in prison by District Court Judge Y. Kahan here yesterday. The sentence will take effect on November 15, to allow Dr. Press time to transfer his patients to another doctor.

In passing sentence, the judge said that he found this a serious offence "especially as the accused is a doctor whose duty it is to safeguard the public welfare, and who knows that he is not allowed to deal in narcotics." He took into account that the accused had no previous criminal record, and that he had suffered much in the past.

He rejected the defence plea not to impose a prison sentence, as he felt that a suspended sentence or fine would not be sufficient for "so serious an offence."

WEINBERG REMANDED FOR SEVEN MORE DAYS

Yosef Weinberg, who was arrested on October 19 in his apartment in the Beit Israel quarter of Jerusalem on suspicion of possessing foreign currency, was ordered detained an additional seven days on Friday by the Jerusalem Magistrate. Since his arrest, eight other persons have been detained on suspicion of selling him foreign currency checks. *(Itim)*

U.S. and British Youth Called To Come Help Defend Israel

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — A call to world Jewry, and especially to the communities in the U.S. and England for 100,000 young immigrants to help defend the country, was sent out by Mr. Meir Argov, M.K., Chairman of the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Security Committee. He was speaking at a Mapai-sponsored mass meeting in the Beit Ha'am here today.

A grim shadow has hung over our heads since the State was established, said Mr. Argov. The shadow has pursued us and is ever more menacing. Without the State of Israel, the Jewish people could have continued to exist, even after the extermination of six million by the Nazis. If the State were destroyed, it would be the end of Jewry.

We are faced by 31 million Arabs who want to destroy us. We must guard a frontier of 1,080 kilometres, while Cairo lies only 300 kilometres away. Nevertheless, these figures will not frighten us, Mr. Argov said, for the distance from Cairo to Tel Aviv equals that from here to the capital of Egypt.

The Big Powers tell us not to be provincial and to fit ourselves into the global picture, for if the world achieves peace, Israel will also benefit. Because we cannot place our confidence in such an approach, declared Mr. Argov, we must rebel against the whole globe, so that this small "province" remains our own. Our reply to the Arab's plans of annihilation is: to proclaim an emergency, a return to austerity and self-sacrifice; and voluntary action. *(Hin)*

T.A. Workers Give IL2m. to Arms Fund

Jerusalem Post Staff

Nearly IL2m. have already been given to the Arms for Defence Fund by Tel Aviv workers, Mr. E. Shechter, Secretary of the Tel Aviv Labour Council, told a special meeting of the Council last week.

Children of the youth village, "Nezah Israel," decided to give ten per cent of their monthly income; while Beersheba's secondary school pupils sent in IL-400, the pay received from Kibbutz Mishmar Hanegev for cotton picking, and hope to send in much more if they obtain work.

Other contributions: Amidar workers: IL15,000; Kibbutz Ma'ayan Zvi, IL1,000; invalids of Malben Home in Safad, IL283; Staff Officers of the Army Medical Corps are donating two weeks' pay; Sergeant U. Koslov, 18 months' pay accredited to him.

In Ramle, a goat, two donkeys, a number of geese and jewellery were donated.

The Jerusalem Landlords Association called on all its members to donate 20 per cent of rentals received.

The Jerusalem Municipality collection station on Friday received IL300 from the Babad Hotel; from Mr. Yitzhak Brill, and Mr. Haim Kahan IL25 each; Mr. Bezalel Nissan IL18; Mr. Moshe and Shoshana Winograd, IL6; Mrs. Sarah Cohen, who makes a living plucking chickens, IL5., and Mr. Avraham Cohen, who is supported by his children, 500 pruta.

The stepfather and mother of Bernd Baruch Nussbaum, who fell on April 5, 1948 and is buried on Mt. Herzl, have given *The Jerusalem Post* $100 to be forwarded to the Arms for Defence Fund. In an attached letter, the stepfather, Mr. Arthur Kallman, quotes the Latin proverb, "If you want peace, prepare for war."

Twelve-year-old David Elko, of Rehovot, inspired by the example set last week by Yohanan Steinbach, 9, who gave IL7,610, has sent in IL10.

Among other contributions received at the newspaper's offices in Jerusalem, Tel Aviv and Haifa, are:

Igud Hahayal Ltd., consulting engineers, IL293; Mr. Samuel Goldstein and Gert Philippson, IL 100; Mrs. Sophie Agranovich, 82, Rehov Ben Yehuda, Tel Aviv, IL100; Mr. Max Blattler, engineer, IL50; his son, Josy, IL3,860 (from his "private collection"); Mr. Ruben Katzenelenbogen, IL38; Mr. R. Rymer, 14 Rehov Smolenskin, Tel Aviv, IL25; Mr. D. Pelz, Tel Aviv, IL10; Mr. Nachmias, Jaffa, IL34.

Eshkol Briefs U.S. Congressmen

Israel's security and economic problems were described by Mr. Levy Eshkol, Acting Prime Minister, to the members of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the U.S. House of Representatives in Jerusalem on Friday. The Committee members, who constitute a Special Study Mission, entered Israel at Lydda Airport on Friday night and via Mandelbaum Gate in Jerusalem on Friday morning.

In describing the threat to Israel's security and to that of the area as a whole which resulted from the Czechoslovak-Egyptian arms deal, Mr. Eshkol said that Israel demanded both arms to restore the balance, and a security treaty. Mr. Eshkol particularly stressed the acts of war conducted by the Arabs against Israel by means of threats and the maintenance of a permanent state of tension along the borders.

Mr. Eshkol expressed Prime Minister Moshe Sharett's regrets at being unable to receive the group in Jerusalem in view of his having had to leave for Paris and Geneva to convey to the Foreign Ministers meeting there now the seriousness of the situation which had developed in the area as a result of the Czech-Egyptian arms deal.

The guests posed a variety of questions to Mr. Eshkol.

The visitors are:

Mrs. Edna F. Kelly (Democrat, New York), Chairman; Mrs. Leonor K. Sullivan (Democrat, Missouri); Mrs. Marguerite Stitt Church (Republican, Illinois); and Messrs. James G. Donovan (Democrat, New York); Albert P. Morano (Republican, Connecticut); Clement J. Zablocki (Democrat, Wisconsin); Robert C. Byrd (Democrat, West Virginia); E. Ross Adair (Republican, Indiana); John Jarman (Democrat, Oklahoma); Richard B. Wigglesworth (Republican, Massachussets); Walter H. Judd (Republican, Minnesota); and Messrs. Roy J. Bullock, Consultant; Charles F. Westphal, Consultant, and George O. Gray, Consultant.

Mrs. Church and Messrs. Byrd and Jarman visited the new Hebrew University campus on Friday and were received by the Acting President of the University, Professor M. Evenari. They were accompanied by Mrs. Elizabeth Cole, wife of the U.S.

Mrs. Golda Myerson, the Minister of Labour and Acting Minister for Foreign Affairs, attended a reception last night at the home in Ramat Gan of the U.S. Charge d'Affaires and Mrs. White in honour of the visitors. Members of the Diplomatic Corps, U.S. Embassy staff and representatives of the Foreign Ministry and the Israel press were present.

'Spirit of Pioneers Needed for Security'

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — A message from Prime Minister Moshe Sharett was received from Geneva tod... during a gathering of hundreds of members of the Tnua Meuhedet pioneer youth movement, which had been called to celebrate the 10th anniversary of its founding. Mr. Sharett said in his cable, which was received with prolonged applause, that there could be no national security without a continuation of the pioneering spirit and deeds.

60 Tons Oil per Day From Heletz Well

HAIFA, Saturday. — The output of the first Heletz oil well will be at least 60 tons a day, according to tests which have just been completed, it was learned here today.

Another two wells will be bored in the same area and it is expected that all three wells will yield a minimum of 200-250 tons daily, within three months.

SEASON'S DIGGING ENDED AT HATZOR

TIBERIAS, Saturday. — The first season of the excavation work at Hatzor, near Ayelet Hashahar, ended yesterday after three months of digging. Pottery and other remains found on the site will be transferred to Jerusalem, it was learned.

The excavation team, headed by Dr. Yigael Yadin, will publish its first report during the winter, and the excavations are due to be resumed next July.

CYPRUS GREEKS OPEN FIGHTING FUND

NICOSIA, Saturday (Reuter). — The leaders of the Greek Church in Cyprus today launched a Fighting Fund for the "national struggle" for self-determination as Field-Marshal Sir John Harding, the colony's Governor, prepared to fly to Britain for a short visit.

First Negev Triplets Doing Well

BEERSHEBA, Saturday. — While the staff of Hadassah Hospital here joined in congratulating Mrs. Sara Bavli, mother of the first triplets to be born in the Negev, she was in tears, worrying about what her husband, Eon Bavli, would say when he learned of this "added burden to their difficulties."

The triplets, two boys and a girl, were born on Thursday night. They are all well and being kept in an incubator. Their combined weight at birth was five-and-a-half kilogrammes.

Mr. and Mrs. Bavli are from Kurdistan and live in Moshav Pattish. They already have a small boy and a girl. Mr. Bavli works on his farm and does guard duty at night.

The mother was visited by Mrs. Lisa Tuvyahu, wife of the Mayor of Beersheba, and by Mrs. Perlmutter of Wiso.

Zim Gets $4.5 Loan From N.Y. Banks

Jerusalem Post Bureau

HAIFA, Saturday. — A $4.5m. loan was granted last Thursday to the Zim company by a group of New York banks for financing ship purchases, Mr. Y. Bar-Pal, a Zim director, announced here yesterday. The loan is for a 45-month period bearing 4.5 per cent interest, and was guaranteed by mortgages on Zim ships. It was immediately transferred to the Treasury on account of Reparations ships, Mr. Bar-Pal said.

He stated that Zim had ordered $35m. worth of ships from Reparations Funds. Under the payment terms, 25-28 per cent of their value must be paid to the Treasury by delivery time and the rest paid off in half-yearly instalments over eight to 10 years.

"By January, 1956, Israel's merchant fleet will number 34 vessels, while another 15 ships will be under Zim charter. Is it then fantastic for us to talk about 100 ships in the merchant marine?" Dr. N. Wydra, a Zim company director, asked at the season's first meeting of the Maritime and Economic Club here yesterday.

Dr. Wydra stated that shipping was good business in the world today. There would be a still greater demand for shipping in the future, he said. To bring our fleet up to a hundred would cost $100m. Only $35m. would be required in the first five or six years, as only a maximum of 40 per cent would be needed as a down payment, while the rest would be in instalments. Zim, which would own 27 of the country's 34 ships in January, would soon float new shares to the value of IL6m., he announced.

DOCTORS OPTIMISTIC ON EISENHOWER'S HEART

DENVER, Saturday (Reuter). — President Eisenhower's doctors found no enlargement of his heart yesterday, and said that this was the most important medical pronouncement of the week on his condition. Mr. Eisenhower received a complete checkup with a full X-ray and fluoroscopic equipment yesterday morning.

A medical bulletin said, "Because of the President's increased activities, his daily calory intake is being increased, starting yesterday, to 1,800 calories."

ENVOY. — The new Lebanon Ambassador to Britain, Ibrahim el-Ahdab, on Friday presented his letters of credence to Queen Elizabeth at Buckingham Palace.

Division Line-Ups Still Not Known

Jerusalem Post Bureau

HAIFA, Saturday. — It is still unclear which teams will play in Division "A" and which in Division "B" after the Kfar Saba Hapoel and Jaffa Maccabi soccer match ended in a 1:1 draw at the Municipal Stadium here this afternoon. More than half of the 5,000 spectators came from Jaffa, carrying bells, rattles, mandolins and other noisy "musical" instruments to encourage their team.

Kfar Saba took the lead in the 60th minute, when Centre-Forward Haim Glaser converted a corner. A few seconds later, straight from the kick-off, Jaffa Centre-Forward Cohen equalized from 15 metres. A few minutes later, Glaser hit the rebound.

Other results:

Haifa Hapoel Blues 3, Jaffa Hapoel Youth 0.

CHESS CHAMPIONSHIP

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — With three more rounds to go, positions in the Israel chess championships after the 12th round today stood as follows:

Cherniak 10½ points, Porath 8, Aloni and Miltiner 7½ (1), Fisher 6½, Sakon 6(1), Oren 6, Dubkin 5½ (1), Diner and Rosenberg 5½, Van Amrungen and Labunsky 4½ (1) Weller 4(2), David 3(2), Chayovich 2½ (2). Kniager retired owing to illness.

ZATOPEK BEATS OWN DISTANCE RECORDS

PRAGUE, Saturday (Reuter). — Emil Zatopek, Czechoslovakia's famed distance runner, today beat his own world records for 25 kilometres and 15 miles with respective times of one hour 15 mins. 36.4 secs. and one hour 14 mins. 1 sec.

Only Arabs Abstain On Int'l Atomic Energy Agency

NEW YORK, Saturday (Reuter). — The U.N. Political Committee on Thursday night overwhelmingly approved Western plans for the establishment of an international atomic energy agency including a world conference. The Soviet Union voted for the resolution.

The final vote was 53 in favour, none against and six abstentions — Egypt, Iraq, Saudi Arabia, Syria, Yemen and the Lebanon.

Wage Demands Follow New British Budget

LONDON, Saturday (Reuter). — Threats of a new flood of industrial wage claims followed swiftly yesterday on the Government's emergency financial budget presented to Parliament on Thursday night by Mr. R.A. Butler, Chancellor of the Exchequer.

The Executive Committee of the 700-member Coal Miners Union announced it would press wage claims urgently because it said the budget would hit members' living standards. A similar statement was made on behalf of the 300,000 strong Railwaymen's Union.

29 Egyptians Captured at Kuntilla

(Continued from Page One)

made semi-automatic FN rifles; Swedish-made sub-machine guns of the Karl Gustav type, used also by the *Fedayeen* in their murderous attacks in Israel some time ago; a dozen machineguns, some of the Vickers type; and a large quantity of ammunition.

Part of the weapons found in Kuntilla was modern Spanish equipment, the Army spokesman said yesterday. The nature of the weapons was not revealed.

All men who had taken part in the operation were in their base as day dawned, while the wounded were taken to hospital.

The prisoners will be treated according to Geneva rules for the treatment of prisoners, it was officially stated today.

The Egyptians now hold three Israelis: a soldier who crossed the line by mistake a month ago and two policemen kidnapped in Nitzana on Wednesday.

The Kuntilla action was derided by Cairo Radio today, as it had been carried out against "Sudanese," not "Egyptians." Military circles here recall that the Sudanese were the pride of the Egyptian Army during the War of Independence, and without the Sudanese in the Faluja pocket, the Egyptian Army encircled there would have been wiped out.

Ignominious Failure

If the attacks staged by the Egyptians in the Gaza Strip last night were meant to boost Egyptian morale, they must have failed ignominiously. The troops in the Gaza Strip must know the truth, which the Cairenes will be spared. A platoon, supported by mortar and machinegun fire, was directed against an Israel outpost near the demarcation line last night but the Egyptians had to retreat. They were no more successful when they repeated their attempt later in the night.

More cautious for possible future developments on the border, however, is the report that two Egyptian companies joined the Egyptian forces in the demilitarized Zone yesterday. The high ground in es-Sabha, in the southern tip of the Demilitarized Zone lies only partially within the demilitarized area. It has an undoubted strategic value, as it overlooks the Nitzana valley and the nearby Ketziot settlement. The Egyptian military minds would never have put a force in es-Sabha, without there being strong contingents behind it. It appears, therefore, as if the Egyptians were massing troops near Nitzana, which is, indeed, a key point on the Beersheba-Ismailia highway.

The idea of declaring the Nitzana area a demilitarized zone was proferred at the Rhodes conference because of its strategic importance. Mr. Walter Eytan, head of the Israel Mission in Rhodes, accepted the idea of demilitarizing a zone under Israel control, in order to prove that Israel desired no war on Egypt and voluntarily accepted not to have military control of the key to what might become a road of attack. The insistence of the Egyptians on holding troops within the Demilitarized Zone, as well as the massing of troops immediately across the border, are indicative of ominous intentions, which Israel should be expected to do all in her power to counter.

EGYPT ASKED

(Continued from Page One)

Secretary-General of the situation.

The T.S.O. has been informed of Israel's readiness to comply in the future, as she has in the past, with the request made to us by General E. L. M. Burns, Chief of Staff of the T.S.O., to keep our men 500 metres away from the frontier in this area, the Foreign Ministry spokesman said on Friday. The one outpost which Israel set up on the border in our own territory after the Egyptian incursion, will be withdrawn simultaneously with the withdrawal of the Egyptian troops.

He also announced that the Senior Israel representative to the Israel-Egyptian MAC yesterday let the Chairman of the Commission have a list of the names of the Egyptian prisoners in Israel hands for transmission to the Egyptian authorities.

On Friday, the Ministry reported that two additional companies of Egyptian troops reinforced those who invaded the Zone two days previously. This occupation of Israel territory by Egyptian troops, the spokesman stated, began on Wednesday when the Egyptian forces crossed the international frontier and captured an Israel police post. This post was situated more than half a kilometre inside Israel territory in accordance with the assurance which was given by Israel to General Burns that at no point in this area would Israel police forces be stationed within half a kilometre of the frontier.

Although the Egyptians withdrew from the Israel police post after having killed one policeman, wounded three others and taken two as prisoners, they returned in force shortly after and attacked the police check-post again. On the same day, Egyptian troops established themselves in a number of points in Israel territory in the area. On the following day, October 27, Egyptian troops extended the scope of their penetration entrenching themselves in a number of additional points and engulfing over one square mile of Israel territory.

Y.M.C.A.
Jerusalem
Presents
Miss Alice Ostrovsky
in
Piano Recital
Works by
Bach, Schubert, Bartok, Schumann, and Chopin
Public Welcome
October 31 — Y.M.C.A.
8.30 p.m. — Auditorium

Radio Technicians Association in Israel
Tel Aviv District
Tuesday, November 1, 1955, at 8.30 p.m. at the "Hakoah" clubroom, 112 Rehov Dizengoff, Tel Aviv.
LECTURER: Herbert Sussman, Qualified Engineer.
Subject: R/C COUPLINGS
Guests invited — Admission free

STUDIO CINEMA
Jerusalem
The immortal story by Daphne du Maurier
The unforgettable picture with the unforgettable team of actors
Laurence Olivier and Joan Fontaine
in
Rebecca

ADRIATICA
s.s. MESSAPIA — arriving Haifa at 6 a.m., November 1 leaving the same day at 5 p.m. for LARNACA, PIRAEUS, BARI, VENICE, TRIESTE.
m.v. F. GRIMANI — arriving Haifa at 7 a.m., on Nov. 8 leaving the same day at 5 p.m. for LARNACA, PIRAEUS, NAPLES, GENOA.
We accept bookings for passengers and cargoes to America — Australia — India — South Africa etc. with trans-shipment at Genoa or Trieste on the vessels of the
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JERUSALEM: King David Hotel Annex, Tel. 4501, P.O.B. 680

Prize Competition
G. Schwarzschild Engineering Works Ltd., Haifa, the oldest-established producers of washing machines, will shortly put on the market a new
POPULAR WASHING MACHINE
Israel Patent No. 8973
based on a new construction principle that gives it important advantages over methods used until now.
1) Thorough yet gentle laundering
2) Quick boiling of laundry
3) Capacity of 3 kg.
4) Solid and strong construction ensuring extreme durability
5) Measurements calculated for small flats
6) Popular price — making it the most efficient and cheapest machine in the the 3 kg. class.
The public is asked to suggest
A NAME
for this exceptional and popular machine.
The name need not possess any special significance but should fulfil the following conditions:
a) Brevity (not more than two syllables)
b) Suitable for home and export requirements
c) Easy to pronounce and simple to spell in Latin as well as in Hebrew characters.
Winners will be awarded the following prizes:
First prize . . . . a new washing machine
Second prize IL50
Third prize IL25
Please forward entries not later than November 10, 1955, to: P.O.B. 1895, Haifa.
We reserve the right to use prize winning names for commercial purposes without the winner's being entitled to any further claims other than the prize awarded.
G. SCHWARZSCHILD ENGINEERING WORKS LTD.
Haifa — P.O.B. 1895

OPHIR HOTEL
Kiryat Shmuel
Tiberias. Tel. 118
Open
after complete redecoration
★ Shower in every room
★ Gorgeous view
★ Excellent cuisine

Cables in Brief

REFUGEES. — A Russian professor and a Rumanian test pilot claiming to be political refugees, were held up on the German-Danish border in South Jutland on Friday, and are now in Flensburg in custody. The pair, whose names were not disclosed, had travelled thousands of miles.

VISIT. — The West German Defence Minister, Theodor Blanck, is visiting Turkey, where he joined West Germany's probable top soldier, ex-General Adolf Heusinger, to inspect Turkish military installations.

THE ISRAEL PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA
Subscribers are requested kindly to note the CONCERT SCHEDULE for the week
October 30 — November 5.
Subscription Concert No. 2
Conductor: Enrique JORDA
Soloist: SOLOMON (Piano)
TEL AVIV
Tonight, Oct. 30 — "Workers"
Monday, Oct. 31 — Series "Z"
Tuesday, Nov. 1 — Series "3"
HAIFA
Thursday, Nov. 3 — Series "1"
Subscribers to SPECIAL SUBSCRIPTION CONCERTS IN HAIFA will kindly note the date of —
Special Subscription Concert
No. 1 — HAIFA
Wednesday, Nov 2, Armon Theatre at 8 p.m.
Conductor: Enrique JORDA
Soloist: SOLOMON (Piano)
Programme: "Egmont" Overture — Beethoven; Concerto No. 1 in D minor for Piano and Orchestra — Brahms; "Alborada del Grazioso" — Ravel; Pastorale D'Eté — Honegger; Suite from "The Three-Cornered Hat" — Falla.
Piano-Recitals SOLOMON
The programme includes works by Bach, Brahms, Beethoven and Chopin.
TEL AVIV — Saturday, Nov. 5 — "Ohel Shem" Hall, at 8.30 p.m.
Tickets: At the Orchestra's Office, 86 Allenby Rd., 11-2, 4-6.
JERUSALEM — Wednesday, Nov. 16 — "Edison" Hall, at 8 p.m.
TICKETS AS FROM TOMORROW: Cahana Office (Zion Square).
A LIMITED NUMBER OF SUBSCRIPTION TICKETS ARE AVAILABLE.
Please apply to the Orchestra's office, 32 Rehov Herzl, Haifa; 9-1, 4-6.
CUT OUT AND KEEP!

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PROUDLY PRESENTS
The French screen — stage and television star — one of the world's best comic artists, famous by his many records and songs, composer of the popular song "Pigalle"
GEORGES ULMER
In his English, French and Spanish programme
ACCOMPANIED BY A JAZZ BAND
FIRST PART OF THE PROGRAMME
HANNA AHARONI — Songs
RAHEL NADAV — Dances
TUES. NOV. 1, "RAMA" HALL, Ramat Gan 8.45 p.m.
THURS. NOV. 3, "OHEL," Tel Aviv, 8.45 p.m.
SAT. NOV. 5, Y.M.C.A., Jerusalem, 8.45 p.m.
TUES. NOV. 8, "MAY," Haifa, 8.45 p.m.
Tickets: M. Wallin, 1 Rehov Ben Yehuda and all ticket offices in Tel Aviv; Ramat Gan; Rechnitz; Jerusalem: Cahana; Haifa: Maccabi.

BANK HADOAR
TOMORROW, October 31, 1955
International Savings Day
Millions of people throughout the world, including thousands in Israel, will consider the advantages and importance of savings.
In honour of this occasion, special SAVINGS CARDS will be distributed to all school children.
WORK AND SAVE
Bank Hadoar issues SAVINGS BOOKS to all depositors who open their accounts with at least IL3 in cash or savings stamps.
DEPOSITS in Bank Hadoar bear 2½% INTEREST.
POST OFFICES ARE AT YOUR SERVICE

On Tuesday, November 1, the remains of the late
I. Efroikin
will arrive from France on the s.s. Jerusalem. The funeral will leave from the courtyard of the Jewish Agency in Jerusalem, at 2 p.m. for Har Hamenuhot.
Buses to Jerusalem (and return) will leave from 110 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel Aviv, at 11.30 a.m.
The Efroikin Family

WITH DEEP SORROW WE ANNOUNCE THE SUDDEN DEATH OF
Mr. Edmund Jacobsohn
and express our heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved family.
Management and Staff
"Isasbest" Israel Asbestos-Cement Industries Ltd., Nahariya
Management and Staff
Asbestos-Cement Industries, Vadus and Nahariya Branch

You remember DANNY
who didn't want to eat? Well, he eats alright now. Since I started using
TELMA
SANDWICH SPREAD
he always asks for more. And so does the rest of the family.

SANDWICH SPREAD
TELMA

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Sunday, October 30, 1955
Heshvan 14, 5716. — Rabbi Meir, 1275

THE present tension along the Israel-Egyptian frontier was provoked by a calculated Egyptian act of aggression, as has been the case in the past — but this time there is a singularly ominous undertone. Last Wednesday two companies of Egyptian troops shot their way into a police post in the Nitzana Demilitarized Zone, and later established new positions of their own in the Zone; on Thursday and again on Friday they received reinforcements with the apparent aim of expanding their base of aggression; on Friday night Egyptian troops attacked across the border in the neighbourhood of Nirim, to the north, off the Gaza Strip. During the past three days the United Nations Truce Supervision Organization has repeatedly called on Egypt to evacuate the Nitzana area, but so far the Cairo regime has shown no inclination to entertain United Nations efforts to restore even a semblance of normalcy along the border.

EGYPTIAN RESPONSIBILITY

It would indeed be difficult to overemphasize the gravity of the situation. Abdul Nasser's regime has obviously chosen this time not only to test the lengths to which Israel can be provoked, but to challenge the Armistice Agreement in general and in particular the United Nations organization appointed to supervise it. Moreover, this has been done with a deliberate cynism, almost immediately after the Egyptian Government had given its assurances to Major-General Burns that there would be no further breach at Nitzana. Thursday night's raid by Israel forces on the Egyptian military post at Kuntilla, undertaken two days after the Egyptians had entrenched themselves at Nitzana, was intended as a warning in the only language that, unfortunately, remained for Israel to use. But even there, having delivered the message, the Israel forces withdrew. The action was undertaken exclusively against an Egyptian military post because it is the Egyptian army which has attacked and entrenched itself on Israel territory, and our soldiers withdrew because Israel demands nothing from Egypt but to be left in peace. In its present state of belligerent exhuberance, however, this seems to be more than Egypt is willing to grant.

One need not go far afield to seek the reasons that have stimulated the warlike mood of Abdul Nasser's military junta. Deliveries of Czechoslovak arms have begun, and Egypt has signed military pacts with Syria and Saudi Arabia. Indeed, there seems to be a sort of sporting competition between Cairo and Damascus as to who can provoke Israel further, and one can almost picture King Saud sheepishly excusing himself from the game on the grounds that he has no common frontier with us.

While our security forces have been compelled to draw Egypt's attention to a military outpost at Kuntilla, she would do well to keep an eye on the situation along the Israel-Jordan border. This border, physically the most illogical and aggravating of all our frontiers, is undergoing a rare period of calm, and for no other reason than that there have been no deliberate acts of provocation against Israel for some time. Left alone, Israel has strained every effort to ensure that untoward incidents do not shatter this fragile, hard-won respite. There have been occasional incidents, including outbreaks of shooting, but these have been settled by direct meetings, and the Jerusalem Local Commanders agreement has shown itself to be a satisfactory arrangement. It is noteworthy that Egypt has strongly resisted General Burns' every effort to negotiate a like agreement with Israel.

Egypt cannot be unaware of Israel's anxiety to come to some such working arrangement. But Egypt must also be made aware that Israel's determination to preserve her territorial integrity is not affected by the strength of the Egyptian army, or by the number of Egyptian military alliances. It is for Israel a question of her existence — a question which Egypt may raise only on her own grave responsibility.

From the Memoirs of Harry Truman — The Year of Decisions

A Pledge to Continue

Mr. Attlee sent President Truman a long letter on Sept. 25, 1945, suggesting joint discussions on the future of their two countries' atomic partnership.

He pointed out that the harnessing of atomic energy as a source of power cannot be achieved without the simultaneous production of material capable of being used in a bomb.

ATTLEE'S suggestion was in line with my own idea to meet him and the Canadian Prime Minister, Mackenzie King. I therefore invited both Attlee and King to visit Washington in November.

Our discussions got under way on November 11, the day after Attlee's arrival. I told the two Prime Ministers that, so far as I could speak for the Government of the United States, I believed that a free exchange of scientific knowledge would be essential to the peace of the world.

I explained that what I meant by "free exchange of scientific information" was that scientists of all countries should be allowed to visit freely with one another and that free inspection of the plans for atomic energy's use in peacetime pursuits should be the policy of every country.

But I stressed that this would not necessarily mean that the engineering and production know-how should be made freely available, any more than we would make freely available any of our trade secrets.

It was my view, I said, that the control of atomic energy for destructive purposes should be lodged in the United Nations, when we had become absolutely sure that the confidence of each nation in the good faith of the other was well founded. This might make it necessary to abandon the veto power in the Security Council.

Both Attlee and Mackenzie King then gave their views, and I was pleased that they should be essentially in agreement with me.

This first conference was held with only the three of us present, but we met again in the afternoon of the same day, Nov. 11, with our principal advisers. I had Secretary Byrnes and Admiral Leahy with me, and Attlee was accompanied by Lord Halifax and Sir John Anderson. Mr. Lester Pearson, the Canadian Ambassador in Washington, was with Mr. King.

Mr. Attlee led off the conversation by substantially stating the premises as I had outlined them in our morning talk, and Mr. King followed with a statement of his concurring views. Secretary Byrnes gave expression to the difficulties that would be encountered in trying to put such an agreement in words that could be clearly understood by all parties concerned.

All present were of the opinion that there should be free interchange of scientific knowledge and free inspection of industrial plants devoted to the manufacture of atomic energy for peacetime uses, but also that there should be agreement on these matters before any exchanges were made.

Mr. Byrnes and the British and Canadian Ambassadors were instructed to make an effort to put the views as mutually agreed upon in writing and to submit them to the three Heads of Government for consideration.

The discussion then turned to the problem of Palestine, but since there seemed to be more than superficial differences, it was decided to take this up later during the British Prime Minister's stay.

The Far Eastern situation was discussed, and agreement was reached on some basic points of policy. With regard to Japan it was decided that if Russia should continue to stay away from the Advisory Council for Japan, the Council should go ahead and work without the Russians.

On Korea it was agreed that immediate steps would be taken by our countries to set up a trusteeship under the direction of Great Britain, Russia, China and the United States.

We also discussed the disturbances in China, the two Prime Ministers concurring with my view that the Government of Chiang Kai-shek, as the lawful Government of the country, should receive continued support but without involving any of our countries in a possible civil war in China.

When our discussions were concluded on Nov. 15 I called the Press and radio correspondents into my office and, in the presence of Attlee and King, read them the declaration we had agreed on:

The Declaration emphasized that the only complete protection from the destructive use of scientific knowledge lay in the prevention of war. It stated that the three countries were willing to exchange "fundamental scientific information," literature and scientists, for peaceful ends with any country which would fully reciprocate.

AGREEMENT for atomic-collaboration being worked out in Washington between (left to right) Clement Attlee, Harry Truman and Mackenzie King.
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They would not spread the specialized information regarding the practical application of atomic energy before "effective enforceable safeguards" against its use for destructive purposes could be devised.

They proposed that a Commission under U.N. should be set up, to make specific proposals as follows:

(a) For extending between all nations the exchange of basic scientific information for peaceful ends;

(b) For control of atomic energy to the extent necessary to ensure its use only for peaceful purposes;

(c) For the elimination from national armaments of atomic weapons and of all other major weapons adaptable to mass destruction;

(d) For effective safeguards by way of inspection and other means to protect complying States against the hazards of violations and evasions..

In addition to this agreed declaration, the three of us also signed a brief memorandum, by which we pledged ourselves to continue the war-time atomic collaboration that had brought us to a successful outcome.

(C) This is the 25th and final instalment of excerpts from Harry S. Truman's Memoirs of his first year in the Presidency. Copyright by Time Inc. and I.C.P.S. English rights in Israel reserved by The Jerusalem Post.

Readers' Letters

SERVICE

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Last Sunday, I forgot my shopping bag containing meat, among other things, in bus No. 57. When I applied to the Eshed Office two days later, not only was the bag with all its contents returned to me, but the meat had been well preserved in a freezer.

I am grateful to the driver as well as to the Eshed Company for this careful and excellent service.

Yours, etc.
E. WEISSENSTEIN
Kiryat Bialik, October 17.

OFFICE HOURS

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I would like to ask the Tel Aviv office of Petrolgas how they expect people to call at their offices with regard to the new contract demanded by them if the reception hours are only from 8:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m. Can't the firm afford some additional staff to handle those clients who work mornings, in spite of the fact that they are going to collect quite a lump sum from every customer?

Yours, etc.
MRS. M. M.
Tel Aviv, September 14.

Company Replies

In order to cater for customers such as your correspondent, who are not able easily to visit Petrolgas' offices in Tel Aviv in the mornings, these offices will from now remain open in the afternoons from 3:00 p.m. to 5.30 p.m.

Yours, etc.
THE SHELL CO. OF PALESTINE

PEN FRIENDS

CAROLE STILLER, 27, Central Hotel, Harrismith, O.F.S., So. Africa, wants as pen pal a boy aged 20 and up. Her hobbies are music, sport, reading.

YESTORY GALLERY

Industrialist and Philanthropist

THE Chairman of the Executive Committee of the American Fund for Israel Institutions, Samuel Rubin, is here for a fortnight for a survey of the Fund's beneficiaries and consultation with the Fund's Israel Advisory Board.

Mr. Rubin, a prominent American industrialist, civic leader and philanthropist, hopes to obtain "an overall view of the development of the country and of its progress and needs in culture and the arts." He was elected by the Fund's Board of Trustees this past summer to his present office after the death of the organization's Founder and President, Mr. Edward A. Norman. The office of the presidency will remain vacant until the Fund's annual Board of Directors meeting.

As the present chief presiding officer of the American Fund, Mr. Rubin brings to this office a rich background of interest and experience in cultural and educational activity. Keenly interested in the Fund's activity for many years, he is contributing the funds needed to establish an Academy of Music in Jerusalem under the auspices of the American Fund.

President of one of the leading perfume and cosmetic firms in America — Faberge, Inc. —

SAMUEL RUBIN

Mr. Rubin has devoted a good part of his time to activity on behalf of both American and Israel causes. His philanthropic activities have included a gift of a Medical Library to Fordham University, the donation of a five-storey building to house the Institute of Psychotherapy, the endowment of the Samuel Rubin Chair in Anthropology at Brandeis University. He is also one of the founders of the New York University-Bellevue Medical Centre, and has served as Cosmetic Industries Chairman of the March of Dimes Campaign and of the Federation of Jewish Philanthropies.

His interest in Israel has concentrated chiefly on activity on behalf of the American Fund because of a life-long devotion to the arts, particularly music. Mr. Rubin plays the violin and piano, though he once gave up the violin after he heard Heifetz play.

French Bring 20th Century to Sahara

By HAL LEHRMAN

TIMIMOUN, Southern Algeria.—ANYONE searching for the oldtime romance of the Sahara will have to look for it in Hollywood. He won't find it here in the Sahara.

The mysterious nomad is settling down. The camel is bowing his hump to the truck. The fierce Beduin raider is amiably tending his palm-trees and goats. As for the beauteous damsels of the desert campfires, this correspondent's guess is — from the evidence all around — that they never existed at all.

Northwest of here at Colomb-Bechar, where I started my Sahara trek after flying down from Algiers, the storied sons of the sands are actually punching time-clocks. They are working eight-hour shifts in a State-owned coal mine. They live in company-built stone houses instead of tents. Their wives hang out the washing on the line. They have sickness and accident insurance, extra living allowances for every child (the average tribesman has six), annual vacations in a company resort up North, and retirement pensions.

Once upon a time they used to make a nice living attacking and looting bands of pilgrims *en route* to holy Mecca. Now they go on pilgrimages to Mecca themselves, all expenses paid by the mine.

And they travel by bus, not camel. A network of teeth-jolting but navigable roads now cuts these once trackless desert wastes eastward of Morocco. Just outside Colomb-Bechar, for instance, a sign facing south points the way straight to Gao, thousands of kilometres down in French West Africa.

Trucks Instead of Camels

This communications system has just about put the camel out of business as a transporter of goods across the farflung dunes. Trucks now service all except the most inaccessible encampments. Incidentally, this has worked wonders for the growers of dates, figs, barley and livestock, which are the desert "farmer" staples. The produce now gets efficiently collected and rushed to remote markets at good prices instead of having to be sold within camel range or devoured on the spot. Camels are still around, but mainly because they supply good milk and cheese and their meat is succulent—at least to the taste of the local citizens.

If you regret the passing of the fabulous Sahara, with its dashing Beau Geste legionnaires and its sumptuous caravans, blame it on the French. Especially on a hardworking, ingenious group of soldiers known as Moslem Affairs officers. They are the main guardians of law, order and progress in an area three times as large as France.

Take this sunbaked village of Timimoun. Its population of 4,200 is 15 per cent Arab, 40 per cent Berber and 45 per cent Negro. The latter descend from Sudanese slaves. Half a century ago, when the French first arrived, they abolished slavery. Now the ex-slaves pretty nearly own the place. They greet you with a happy mixture of French and Arabic: Bon soir Aleikhom ("Hello, you all"). Timimoun's chief income comes from a few thousand date-bearing palm trees on its outskirts. The village gets its water supply from porous underground rock formations. Its low, one-storey houses, wall to wall along narrow lanes, are built of red clay so soft it rubs off under the finger. A good hard rain could wash them away. But the total rain here amounts to one light sprinkle a year.

Such is the administrative centre of a territory containing 80,000 square kilometres and a population of 30,000 — roughly four people per square mile — distributed among seven tribes.

To govern this sprawling wasteland dotted with oases there are, situated in Timimoun, exactly three French officers, two sergeants, and a male stenographer. The police force and army totals 12 natives recruited on the spot and in Morocco.

Blue-eyed, stocky Captain Pierre Gatignol, 42, is the commander-in-chief and governor. He's had 13 years in the Sahara, seven of them here. Assisting him is Captain Henri Dupuis, 35, a Saharan for six years.

Challenge a Day

I asked Gatignol if he would like a transfer back home. "Not unless it's an order," he replied. Gatignol likes it here because every day brings challenge and achievement in leading a people from Biblical times into the 20th century. He has dug wells, laid irrigation pipes, built schools and hospitals, managed experimental farms, erected windbreaks for sheep, organized courts of justice, cleared airfields and established democratic native assemblies, among other things.

His group's latest innovation is a fully-equipped X-ray laboratory and pharmacy 15 feet below ground. Above ground it sometimes gets so hot in the afternoon that the X-ray film wilts and drugs spoil.

Female trade has been picking up in the medical department since the arrival of Lieutenant Henri Deloire and family. The previous doctor was a bachelor, and suspicious Moslem husbands preferred ailing wives to remain sick. Their veiled women still stay home behind locked doors during daylight, but husbands now come in to make night-time appointments with the married doctor for examination of their spouses.

In pre-French times, babies were born with the help of midwives who were more sorceress than nurse. Now Dr. Deloire has a thriving maternity ward. Smallpox, typhus and malaria have been completely wiped out. Ten clinics are scattered over the territory. The doctor goes out for two weeks each month to visit them, by jeep and horseback.

Gatignol recalls when nomads thought a doctor was a devil. They would flee at his approach. Now they've learned. "They even come in when they only have a headache. And they're simply crazy about injections."

There is no sign here of the nationalist disorders now troubling more northerly parts of Algeria. The people are too satisfied with the visible benefits the French have brought. Lawbreaking is practically unknown. Clans which waged blood-feuds for centuries now politely return each other's stray goats.

The Government even supplies entertainment. Once a week a free movie is shown on an outdoor screen in the Captain's compound. The one I saw was "A Chump at Oxford," with Laurel and Hardy. Naturally, Stan and Ollie talked French, dubbed in. The sheikhs loved it.

Steimatzky's Column

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MUSICAL DIARY

Kol Yisrael Orchestra. Arthur Gelbrun, Conductor; George Haas, Oboe. (Y.M.C.A. Hall, October 25). Gelbrun: Dirge for a Jew from the Ghetto (with the Kol Zion Vocal Ensemble and Mordechai Ben-Shahar, baritone); Mozart: Concerto in C major for oboe and orchestra, K.314. Haydn: Symphony No. 96 in C minor (London No. 5).

AFTER a long period of enforced silence we were glad to welcome back Mr. Gelbrun to the Radio Orchestra, and by its warm reception the audience proved that it shared our feelings. His unconventional tempi in the Haydn Symphony may not appeal to ears used to rapid allegri and minuets very close to scherzo speed, yet the interpretations of Bruno Walter are proof that augmented measurements give the music a chance to "breathe" and come alive.

George Haas' playing of the Mozart Concerto was a delight to say the least. All his qualities can be summed up in the one sentence that he strives for perfection — and attains it.

This time, Gelbrun the composer was far less appealing than Gelbrun the conductor. Much as we respect his sentiments, the dirge was tiresome and drawn out. It consists of five movements, all slow — since Palestrina hardly any composer has attempted that—and it employs the most commonplace materials derived partly from German and French late romantic pastiches with an Israel twist, producing very poor music.

Second Subscription Concert of the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra. Enrique Jorda, Conductor. Solomon, Piano. (Edison Hall, October 27). Haydn: Symphony No. 92, "Oxford." Beethoven: Concerto No. 5 in E-flat major, op. 73, "The Emperor" for Piano and Orchestra. Ravel: "Alborada del gracioso," Honegger: "Pastorale d'Ete"; De Falla: Three Dances from "The Three Cornered Hat."

SOLOMON is a great pianist: his playing of the Beethoven concerto was the focal point of the programme. Above turning the visual image of the score into a mere acoustical phenomenon, he establishes a musical plane at which the work and its interpretation become undetachable. The subtlest piano of ethereal transparence in the Second Movement and a magnificent *marcato* in the *tutti* provided but a few of the great moments of his reading.

Mr. Jorda handled the three 20th-century items far better than the Haydn, which requires logical bowing, a plastic feeling for the melodic line and steady tempi. The lack of these was hardly compensated for by a show of casual playfulness. Ravel, Honegger and de Falla, on the other hand, were rendered fairly and dynamically.

Y. ZARAI

Newsweek
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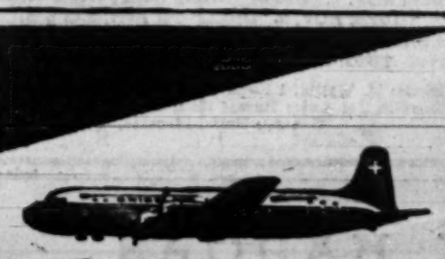

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